Monthly Operating Report December, 2009 Concord Wastewater Treatment Plant Operated by Woodard &Curran

Date: January 12, 2010

To: Alan Cathcart, Concord Water & Sewer Superintendent

cc: Chris Whelan, Town Manager

Richard Reine, Director Concord Public Works

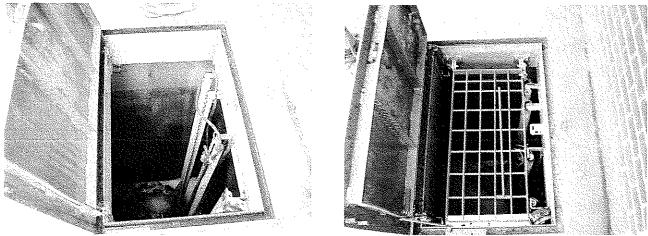
From: Michael Thompson and Staff

Key Activities This Month/Capital Program

During December all treatment processes were either operational or in ready standby. Flow through the facility in December averaged 1.096 million gallons per day (MGD) and the permit critical 12-month average flow fell slightly from November (1.05 MGD) to 1.02 MGD. The 12-month average daily flow permit limit is 1.2 MGD. This 1.02 MGD 12-month rolling average flow is the lowest since August 2008. If historical trends hold, I would expect this rolling average flow rate to start a slow creep upward to peak again in the spring of 2010.

More notable events or tasks accomplished in December include:

- 1) On December 17th the facility received a surprise inspection from Mass. DEP's George Kretas. In is normal for this Environmental Engineer/Inspector to show up unannounced yet he was pushing up his normal May inspection to December in anticipation of his retirement in two months. Mr Kretas sat down with Elena Proakis Ellis and Woodard & Curran's Bill Luksha and Mike Thompson to discuss facility operation and the uncertain plans at DEP to assign his replacement. George has been the CWWTF inspector and DEP primary contact for operators since mid-1998.
- 2) Plant staff continued to work on two projects to improve safety around open tanks. One project included the installation of a new fall protection grating at the outside tank drain wetwell (pictured below). This grating installation is part of a larger project focused not only on safety and operator access, but also targeting improvements in pump reliability and automatic operation. Additionally, plant staff began the installation of fiberglass grating and aluminum diamond plate over the CoMag reaction tanks so that maintenance personnel can safely access the four tank mixer gearboxes and chemical feed lines suspended out over these process tanks.



Outside tank drain wetwell before and after hinged safety grating installed to prevent falls into this very deep well.

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Maintenance Management

Following is a brief list of a portion of maintenance items completed in December:

- a) cutting and installing new fiberglass grating and aluminum diamond plate at the effluent flume and CoMag reaction tanks to improve safety around these channels/tanks.
- b) installed mounting bracket for ultra-sonic sensor used to read water level in RDT filtrate sump and installed new aluminum fall protection grate just under the access hatch to this sump.
- c) worked with welding service to identify and repair failed welds and section of roller band on secondary/tertiary sludge rotary drum thickener.
- d) replaced failed(worn) intermediate drive shear pin on the #1 secondary clarifier rake drive.
- e) injected final 55 gals of 165 totals gallons of antifreeze added to the facility's hot water heating loop.

Environmental Compliance

Parameter	Monthly Avg.	Permit Limit	Notes
Flow, MGD	1.02 MGD (12-month, Avg.)	1.2 MGD	Dec. avg. =1.096 MGD
BOD5 (mg/l)	4 mg/l	30 mg/l	99% average BOD removal in Dec.
TSS (mg/l)	9 mg/l	30 mg/l	96 % average TSS removal in Dec.
Coliform, Geo.Mean #/100ml	2 cfu*/100ml	200 cfu/100ml	Daily max. of 22 cfu/100ml on Tue. 12/1
Phosphorus 0.68 mg/l		1.0 mg/l Nov.'09 – Mar. '10	0.91 mg/l daily max. on Thu. 12/3
Total Ammonia Nitrogen	1.88 mg/i	Report Only	2.21 mg/l daily max. on Thu. 12/31

^{*}cfu =coliform forming unit or colony.

During December, the Concord WWTP performed continuous two-stage total phosphorus (TP) removal using aluminum sulfate. First stage chemical TP treatment occurred in the secondary clarifiers and second stage TP treatment took place within the CoMag® advanced treatment process. The monthly average effluent TP concentration in December is 0.68 mg/l, thereby meeting the CWWTP's winter permit limit not to exceed 1.0 mg/l TP.

Additionally, during December all effluent disinfection was performed using ultra violet light.

Finally, over the week of December 6th the Concord WWTF conducted the 2009, fourth-quarter Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) sampling event. The 48-hour LC50, a.k.a. acute toxicity test, for *Ceriodaphnia* is >100% and permit complying. The 7-day NOEC, a.k.a. chronic toxicity test, is also > 100%. Monitoring of chronic toxicity is a permit requirement; however there are currently no chronic toxicity limitations. A copy of the complete WET test report prepared by our contracted lab is enclosed for your review.

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Septage Receiving

During December, the facility received 109,600 gallons of septage from Concord residences and businesses.

WWTP Septage Receipts in gallons

	2009	2008	2007
January	10,500	22,750	61,850
February 41,250		60,300	55,000
March	83,250	55,550	48,550
April	168,250	152,300	127,000
May	150,900	135,150	153,800
June	151,450	126,450	128,750
July	138,500	117,000	159,050
August	137,750	142,400	140,250
September	203,750	219,950	112,250
October 172,400		262,900	199,700
November 155,400		165,300	179,950
December 109,600		104,050	42,000
Annual Totals: 1,523,000		1,636,000	1,408,150

Sludge Production

During December, 117,000 gallons of liquid sludge, equivalent to 17.79 dry tons, was transported to Upper Blackstone Water Pollution Abatement District (UBWPAD) in Millbury, Massachusetts.

WWTP Sludge Production in gallons / dry tons

	2009	2008	2007
January	107,500/16.71	112,227/20.15	97,500/12.83
February	86,000/14.13	107,124/18.35	89,500/11.94
March	99,000/17.56	98,500/17.97	99,000/12.91
April	153,000/23.94	90,000/17.98	143,500/21.55
May	170,670/24.27	107,000/19.74	170,200/26.40
June	153,000/20.83	98,500/17.76	152,000/21.29
July	126,000/20.57	117,000/20.98	161,500/23.60
August	76,376/11.81	99,000/16.51	143,500/21.31
September	126,000/21.65	98,000/16.82	126,000/15.27
October	October 99,000/16.03 108,000/18.5		230,614/30.28
November	November 99,000/16.51 80,500/12.62		128,669/21.13
December	December 117,000/ 12		140,555/22.69
Annual Totals: 1,412,546/214.01		1,241,851/215.88	1,682,535/241.2

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Alarm Activity

This section provides the Town information on events that activate the facility's alarm response system. These events occur while the plant is unmanned and while both the plant's SCADA system and *Lexington Alarm* are monitoring the facility's alarm system. This report identifies alarm activity from the start of the calendar year to the present.

Concord WWTP Off-Hours Alarm Log

Concord WWIP On-Hours Alarm Log			
Data	Time	Alarm	Observations (Compating Assistant Company)
Date	Time	Source	Observations/Corrective Action/Comments
			Headworks building door not properly latching following installation of new
01/03/09	11:21 am	Intrusion	weather security strip by facility upgrade contractor. High wind rocked door —
01/03/09	11.21 aiii	Intrusion	setting off alarm. Plant staff worked on weather strip to improve door latching.
			Recent M2 backwash cycles producing very brief jump in turbidity as forward
		Hi Effluent	flow resumes. Solution is to shorten time between backwash cycles until overall treatment performance improves with slight operational adjustments over coming
01/07/09	7:45 pm	Turbidity	days.
01/0//05	7.15 ptix	Tarbianty	High wind blew open addition door. Plant staff already on the way for normal
]			weekend rounds, checked door and securely locked. Contractor made aware of
02/08/09	10:26 am	Intrusion	need to rework this as well as other facility upgrade doors and locksets.
			Faulty operation of plant boilers-particularly boiler #2-causing a brief dip in plant
Various		HVAC	hot water loop temperature. Lag or backup boiler reliably responded and
times in		Common	automatically brought hot water loop temp back above alarm setpoint. Boiler
March		alarm	install vendor and others continue to monitor/troubleshoot plant heating system.
04/09	NA	NA	No after hours alarms in April
		CoMag eff	pH meter inaccurately reading -required cleaning and calibration. Caustic pumps
5/27/09	7-9pm	рН	checked for normal operation.
			Both caustic feed pumps to CoMag effluent had become air bound. On call
C/00/00		CoMag low	operator came on site and bled air from pump and restored normal auto feed of
6/20/09	2 pm	eff pH	caustic based on pH input from SCADA.
07/09	NA	NA	No after hours alarms in July.
08/09	NA	NA	No after hours alarms in August.
	10:00	- ·· ·	CoMag settling tank room – north motion sensor activated. No doors, windows,
9/3/09	PM	Intrusion	or other motion sensors activated. Police investigate – apparent false alarm.
10/09	NA	NA	No after hours alarms in October.
		Power	Brief power bump resulted in a handful of drive and panel faults. The on call
11/15	5 pm	Failure	operator responded on site and reset equipment without incident.
			Faulty operation of plant boilers apparently resulting from a fault in the fuel oil
		HVAC	transfer system. Responding operator rest the fuel transfer control panel without
12/20	4	Common	incident, cleaned the flame sensor s on both boilers, then restored system to
12/20	4 am	Alarm	normal automatic operation based on inside/outside air temperature.